Zero-inflation

Ben Bolker

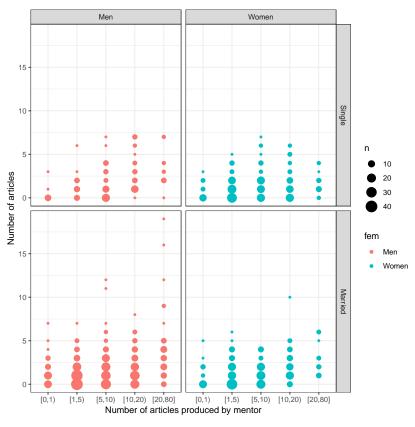
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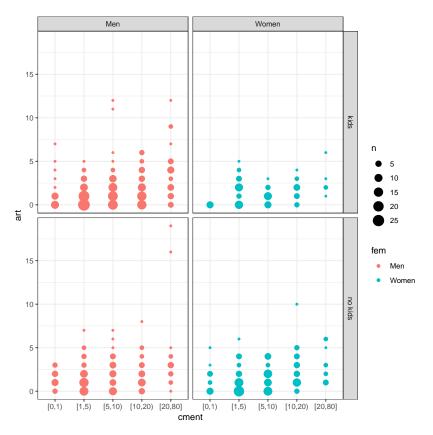


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Zero-inflation

- Models with "too many zeros".
- "Lots of zeros" ≠ "zero-inflated" could just be small mean / large variance (overdispersion)
- Mode at zero plus mode away from zero is *definitely* zero-inflated, however
- Zero-inflated Poisson and negative binomial most common, although zero-inflated binomial is possible
- Zero-inflated *continuous* distributions typically best dealt with as binary + conditional continuous model (or censored model)
- Simplest version, zero-inflation: mixture model. Probability p of *structural* zero, probability 1 p that the variable follows the *conditional* distribution (e.g. if conditional distribution is Poisson, the probability of of a *sampling* zero is $(1 p) \exp(-\lambda)$. **Please** don't call them "true" and "false" zeros.
- Alternative: *hurdle* model. Zeros lumped together, so we have probability *p* of zero plus a *truncated* Poisson model (i.e. zeros removed).
- ZI, hurdle models identical for a single sample, but differ in how the covariates act
- Can fit both, but best to use *a priori* reasoning: how do we think zeros are generated?
- Can have separate models (i.e. different subsets of predictors) for the zero-inflation component and the *conditional* distribution
- pscl package for simple zero-inflation (ZIP/ZINB); can use glmmTMB for mixed models, fancier distributions (e.g. ZINB1)





Fit logit-Poisson model: art \sim . is the same as art \sim . | ., or equivalently art \sim fem + mar + kid5 + phd + ment | fem + mar + kid5 + phd + ment, i.e. include all terms in both the zero-inflation model and the hurdle model.

```
fm_hp <- hurdle(art ~ ., data = bioChemists)</pre>
fm_hnb <- hurdle(art ~ ., data = bioChemists, dist="negbin")</pre>
summary(fm_hnb)
##
## Call:
## hurdle(formula = art ~ ., data = bioChemists, dist = "negbin")
##
## Pearson residuals:
##
      Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -1.2581 -0.8036 -0.2497 0.4745 6.2753
##
## Count model coefficients (truncated negbin with log link):
##
                Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) 0.355125 0.196832
                                    1.804 0.07120 .
## femWomen
               -0.244672
                           0.097218 -2.517 0.01184 *
## marMarried 0.103417 0.109430 0.945 0.34463
```

```
## kid5
              -0.153260 0.072229 -2.122 0.03385 *
## phd
              -0.002933 0.048067 -0.061 0.95134
               0.023738 0.004287
                                    5.537 3.07e-08 ***
## ment
## Log(theta) 0.603472
                          0.224995
                                   2.682 0.00731 **
## Zero hurdle model coefficients (binomial with logit link):
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) 0.23680
                        0.29552
                                   0.801
                                           0.4230
## femWomen
              -0.25115
                          0.15911 -1.579
                                          0.1144
## marMarried 0.32623 0.18082 1.804 0.0712.
## kid5
             -0.28525 0.11113 -2.567 0.0103 *
## phd
               0.02222
                          0.07956
                                  0.279
                                          0.7800
## ment
               0.08012
                          0.01302
                                   6.155 7.52e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Theta: count = 1.8285
## Number of iterations in BFGS optimization: 15
## Log-likelihood: -1553 on 13 Df
fm_zip <- zeroinfl(art ~ ., dist="poisson", data = bioChemists)</pre>
fm_zinb <- zeroinfl(art ~ ., dist="negbin", data = bioChemists)</pre>
library(bbmle)
AICtab(fm_zip,fm_zinb,fm_hp,fm_hnb)
##
          dAIC df
## fm_zinb
            0.0 13
## fm_hnb
            5.2 13
## fm_zip 107.6 12
## fm_hp 108.6 12
```

```
Should consider interactions?
To fit the same models in glmmTMB,
```

To fit the model with a constant zero-inflation term:

fm2_zip0 <- update(fm2_zip, ziformula = ~ 1)</pre>

Error in fixef(fm2_zip0): could not find function "fixef"

This model has 6 coefficients for the conditional (count) model, but only one for the zero-inflation probability. Since there is only a single (intercept) parameter, we can inverse-link transform it (plogis, since the link for the zero-inflation model is logit) to get the zero-inflation probability:

```
(zi_logit <- fixef(fm2_zip0)$zi)
## Error in fixef(fm2_zip0): could not find function "fixef"
(zi_prob <- plogis(zi_logit))
## Error in plogis(zi_logit): object 'zi_logit' not found</pre>
```

Expectation-maximization:

- fit GL(M)M for zero-inflated part and conditional part of model; latter is with weights (1 − z)
- expectation: set zero probability to u/(u + (1 u) * exp(-v))where *u* is the zero-inflation probability and *v* is the Poisson mean